

Parent Guide for Fostering School Success - Part 2 SCHOOL MECHANICS

Identity means who I truly am or, at least, who I believe I truly am. The evaluation I place on my perception of myself is called **self-esteem**. Self-esteem does not come from verbal compliments, exaggerated praise, or from receiving awards and trophies. Self-esteem is rooted in respecting and being satisfied with the choices I make, even if some choices include pain or sacrifice. Positive self-esteem results when I look at my choices, behaviors, efforts, accomplishments, abilities, skills, and character and I respect what I see! Positive self-esteem is related to substance; not to wishful thinking. Identity formation, then, is at the heart of self-esteem and is crucial to conscience formation, moral attitudes, spiritual development, prosocial behavior, healthy personal relationships, and personal achievement -- at school and beyond.

In 1990 the *California Task Force to Promote Self-esteem and Personal Responsibility* defined self-esteem as: "Appreciating my own worth and importance and having the character to be accountable for myself and to act responsibly toward others." This definition captures the substance of self-esteem and reflects the research of the psychological community that suggests that **the major identity formation task of children during elementary school years relates to the development of initiative and industry**. A child who grows in these areas demonstrates direction, purpose, method and competence. Consequently, such a child appreciates his own worth and importance and grows in the ability to be accountable and responsible.

As a parent you are the primary agent of your child's identity formation. There are many ways that you set the foundation for self-esteem. This communication focuses on the mechanics of school practices that foster growth in identity formation and, therefore, in self-esteem and achievement. By teaching these standards with consistency, and supporting the school when it teaches these standards, you foster initiative, industry and school success.

Decide which standards listed in this newsletter describe your child as a pattern under usual, repeated circumstances. May the results speak words of wisdom for you, affirm your parenting style, and serve as a guide to determine how to best provide for the ongoing identity formation and self-esteem development of your child.

School Practices that Foster Self-Esteem and Achievement

☐ Does your child accept responsibility for his actions, choices, and behavior?	 Does the quality of your child's work demonstrate your child's ability? correct spelling, punctuation, capitalization representative of grade level curriculum sentences which are, indeed, complete thoughts no cross-outs, complete erasures
☐ When you discuss mis-behavior, does your child "own" her behavior <u>as opposed to</u> shifting blame to others or shifting emphasis or focus from herself and the issue-at-hand to another topic?	
☐ Does you child show respect for others as evidenced by self-control of speech and body toward others: parents, teachers, aides, peers,	☐ Does your child return parent-signed notices on due date?
objects (books, possessions, equipment, environment, etc.)	If your child ever fails to return parent-signed notices on due date does he accept the consequences without whining?
☐ Is your child growing in an awareness that his	
projects, assignments, paper work, behavior, and personal appearance SPEAK A MESSAGE to others	☐ Does your child have the ability to LISTEN and to demonstrate the skill of listening by:
about his opinion of himself and the value,	 following the given direction
appreciation, or expectations he holds for himself?	 being able to repeat the spoken message being able to re-word the spoken message
☐ Does your child come to school/class prepared	into other words that convey the same
for the activities of school? (PE clothes, ruler, pencil, projects, books, lunch, etc.)	meaning
	Does your child finish responsibilities and
☐ If your child comes unprepared in some way for	activities once begun? Does she have the habit of
school activities, does she accept the consequences without whining?	taking a task to the finish line?
	Does your child "follow through" on teacher
☐ Does your child complete assignments care-fully, with fore-thought and method?	requests and suggestions? If the teacher writes a note or directive on a returned paper or worksheet or homework book, etc. does your child do what is
☐ Does your child submit assignments and requirements on due date?	suggested or respond to the teacher-written question/comment?
	☐ Does your child respond to RSVP-type of communications?

Dr. Patricia McCormack, IHM, a former Catholic schoolteacher and catechist, is a formation education consultant, an author of several books as well as the PARENT PARTNERSHIP HANDBOOK feature of *Today's Catholic Teacher*, and director of IHM Formative Support for Parents and Teachers, Arlington, VA. She speaks and writes frequently on topics of child formation. *Reach her at* DrPatMcCormack@aol.com.

This article originally appeared in the (October 1997) issue of *Today's Catholic Teacher*, © Peter Li, Inc. Reproduced with permission. All rights reserved. This article is protected by United States copyright and other intellectual property laws and may not be reproduced, rewritten, distributed, redisseminated, transmitted, displayed, published or broadcast, directly or indirectly, in any medium without the prior written permission of Peter Li, Inc.